



**BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS
BVI Business Companies Act 2004**

**Amended and Restated
Memorandum of Association
and Articles of Association of**



Tapir Holdings Ltd.

**A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
Incorporated on 24th day of January, 2024
Amended and restated on 9th day of February, 2024
Amended and restated on 3rd day of March, 2026**

HARNEYS

HARNEYS CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED
Craigmuir Chambers
Road Town
Tortola VG1110
British Virgin Islands
www.harneyscorporate.com

TERRITORY OF THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS
THE BVI BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT, 2004

AMENDED AND RESTATED

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
Tapir Holdings Ltd.
A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

1. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

- 1.1 In this Memorandum of Association and the attached Articles of Association, if not inconsistent with the subject or context:
- (a) “**Act**” means the BVI Business Companies Act 2004, as amended from time to time, and includes the BVI Business Companies Regulations 2012 and any other regulations made under the Act;
 - (b) “**Articles**” means the attached Articles of Association of the Company;
 - (c) “**AIM**” means the AIM Market operated by the London Stock Exchange;
 - (d) “**AIM Rules**” means the latest edition of the AIM Rules for Companies issued by the London Stock Exchange (as amended from time to time);
 - (e) “**Board**” means the board of Directors of the Company;
 - (f) “**BVI**” means the British Virgin Islands;
 - (g) “**Chairman**” means the Chairman of the Board or any other person chairing meetings in accordance with Regulation 8.14 as the case may be;
 - (h) “**Chairman of the Board**” has the meaning specified in Regulation 13;
 - (i) “**Company**” means Tapir Holdings Ltd., a BVI Business Company with limited liability incorporated in the BVI with registered number 2140946;
 - (j) “**Controlling Interest**” means such number of shares in the Company which carry at least 50% plus one of the Voting Rights in the Company from time to time;
 - (k) “**CREST Regulations**” means the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001;
 - (l) “**Depository**” means a depository/custodian for Shares issued in uncertificated form;
 - (m) “**Directors**” means the directors of the Company from time to time;
 - (n) “**Disclosure Notice**” means a notice in writing served by the Company under Regulation 26 requiring particulars of interests in Shares or of the identity of any person interested in Shares;
 - (o) “**Distribution**” in relation to a distribution by the Company to a Shareholder means the direct or indirect transfer of an asset, other than Shares, to or for the benefit of the Shareholder, or the incurring of a debt to or for the benefit of a Shareholder, in relation to Shares held by a Shareholder, and whether by means of the purchase of an asset, the purchase, redemption or other acquisition of Shares, a transfer of indebtedness or otherwise, and includes a dividend;
 - (p) “**DTRs**” means the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules (as amended from time to time) published by the FCA;
 - (q) “**Eligible Person**” means individuals, corporations, trusts, the estates of deceased individuals, partnerships and unincorporated associations of persons;
 - (r) “**Encumbrance**” means any security interest and any option, right to acquire, right of pre-emption, assignment by way of security, trust arrangement for the purpose of providing security, retention arrangement or other security interest of any kind, and any agreement to create any of the above;
 - (s) “**FCA**” means the Financial Conduct Authority formed under the Financial Services Act 2012 of the United Kingdom;
 - (t) “**London Stock Exchange**” means the London Stock Exchange plc;

- (u) “**Majority Shareholder**” means any Shareholder that together with its Relevant Nominees holds a Controlling Interest;
- (v) “**Minority Shareholder**” means any Shareholder other than the Majority Shareholder;
- (w) “**Memorandum**” means this Memorandum of Association of the Company;
- (x) “**Registrar**” means the Registrar of Corporate Affairs appointed under section 229 of the Act;
- (y) “**Regulatory Information Service**” means the electronic dissemination service operated by the London Stock Exchange’s company announcements office or any alternative “PIP service” (primary information provider service) which the Company has selected for the purposes of making regulatory announcements in accordance with the AIM Rules;
- (z) “**Relevant Nominees**” means in respect of any Shareholder:
1. such Shareholder’s Nominees; and
 2. any body corporate that is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by such Shareholder (or the ultimate beneficial owner of such Shareholder);
- (aa) “**Relevant Period**” means (i) in the case of the obligation of each Shareholder to comply with the notification obligations under the DTRs pursuant to Regulation 25, the period required to make the relevant notification as provided under the relevant provision of the DTRs and (ii) in relation to an obligation of any person required to give information pursuant to a Disclosure Notice issued under Regulation 26, a period of 14 days following service of a Disclosure Notice;
- (bb) “**relevant system**” means a computer-based system, and procedures, which enable title to units of a security to be evidenced and transferred without a written instrument pursuant to the CREST Regulations;
- (cc) “**Resolution of Directors**” means either:
1. a resolution approved at a duly convened and constituted meeting of directors of the Company or of a committee of directors of the Company by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present at the meeting who voted except that where a director is given more than one vote, he shall be counted by the number of votes he casts for the purpose of establishing a majority; or
 2. a resolution consented to in writing by all directors or by all members of a committee of directors of the Company, as the case may be;
- (dd) “**Resolution of Shareholders**” means either:
1. a resolution approved at a duly convened and constituted meeting of the Shareholders of the Company by the affirmative vote of a majority of in excess of 50% of the votes of the Shares entitled to vote thereon which were present at the meeting and were voted; or
 2. a resolution consented to in writing by a majority of in excess of 50% of the votes of Shares entitled to vote thereon;
- (ee) “**Seal**” means any seal which has been duly adopted as the common seal of the Company;
- (ff) “**Securities**” means Shares and debt obligations of every kind of the Company, and including without limitation options, warrants and rights to acquire Shares or debt obligations;
- (gg) “**Share**” means a share issued or to be issued by the Company;
- (hh) “**Shareholder**” means an Eligible Person whose name is entered in the register of members of the Company as the holder of one or more Shares or fractional Shares;
- (ii) “**share register**” has the meaning given to it in Regulation 2.5;
- (jj) “**Treasury Share**” means a Share that was previously issued but was repurchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired by the Company and not cancelled;
- (kk) “**Voting Rights**” means the entitlement to vote at a meeting of the Shareholders (whether on a show of hands or on a poll) or to vote on a Resolution of the Shareholders; and
- (ll) “**written**” or any term of like import includes information generated, sent, received or stored by electronic, electrical, digital, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, biometric or photonic means, including electronic data interchange, electronic mail, telegram, telex or telecopy, and “in writing” shall be construed accordingly.
- 1.2 In the Memorandum and the Articles, unless the context otherwise requires a reference to:
- (a) a “**Regulation**” is a reference to a regulation of the Articles;

- (b) a “**Clause**” is a reference to a clause of the Memorandum;
- (c) voting by Shareholders is a reference to the casting of the votes attached to the Shares held by the Shareholder voting;
- (d) the Act, the CREST Regulations, the Memorandum or the Articles is a reference to the Act, the CREST Regulations, the Memorandum, the Articles or those documents as amended or, in the case of the Act any re-enactment thereof; and
- (e) the singular includes the plural and vice versa.

1.3 Any words or expressions defined in the Act unless the context otherwise requires bear the same meaning in the Memorandum and the Articles unless otherwise defined herein.

1.4 Headings are inserted for convenience only and shall be disregarded in interpreting the Memorandum and the Articles.

2. NAME

The name of the Company is Tapir Holdings Ltd.

3. STATUS

The Company is a company limited by shares.

4. REGISTERED OFFICE AND REGISTERED AGENT

4.1 The first registered office of the Company is at Craigmuir Chambers, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands, the office of the first registered agent.

4.2 The first registered agent of the Company is Harneys Corporate Services Limited of Craigmuir Chambers, P.O. Box 71, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.

4.3 The Company may by Resolution of Shareholders or by Resolution of Directors change the location of its registered office or change its registered agent.

4.4 Any change of registered office or registered agent will take effect on the registration by the Registrar of a notice of the change filed by the existing registered agent or a legal practitioner in the British Virgin Islands acting on behalf of the Company.

5. CAPACITY AND POWERS

5.1 Subject to the Act and any other British Virgin Islands legislation, the Company has, irrespective of corporate benefit:

- (a) full capacity to carry on or undertake any business or activity, do any act or enter into any transaction; and
- (b) for the purposes of paragraph (a), full rights, powers and privileges.

5.2 For the purposes of section 9(4) of the Act, there are no limitations on the business that the Company may carry on.

6. NUMBER AND CLASSES OF SHARES

6.1 The Company is authorised to issue an unlimited number of no par value Shares of a single class.

6.2 The Company may issue fractional Shares and a fractional Share shall have the corresponding fractional rights, obligations and liabilities of a whole Share of the same class or series of Shares.

6.3 Shares may be issued in one or more series of Shares as the directors may by Resolution of Directors determine from time to time.

7. RIGHTS OF SHARES

7.1 Each Share in the Company confers upon the Shareholder:

- (a) the right to one vote on any Resolution of Shareholders;
- (b) the right to an equal share in any dividend paid by the Company; and
- (c) the right to an equal share in the distribution of the surplus assets of the Company on its liquidation.

7.2 The Company may by Resolution of Directors redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire all or any of the Shares in the Company subject to Regulation 3 of the Articles.

8. VARIATION OF RIGHTS

If at any time the Shares are divided into different classes, the rights attached to any class may only be varied, whether or not the Company is in liquidation, with the consent in writing of or by a resolution passed at a meeting by the holders of not less than 50% of the issued Shares in that class.

9. RIGHTS NOT VARIED BY THE ISSUE OF SHARES PARI PASSU

The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any class shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

10. REGISTERED SHARES

10.1 The Company shall issue registered Shares only.

10.2 The Company is not authorised to issue bearer Shares, convert registered Shares to bearer Shares or exchange registered Shares for bearer Shares.

11. TRANSFER OF SHARES

11.1 The Company shall, on receipt of an instrument of transfer complying with Sub-Regulation 3.2 or Sub-Regulation 6.1 of the Articles, enter the name of the transferee of a Share in the register of members unless the directors resolve to refuse or delay the registration of the transfer for reasons that shall be specified in a Resolution of Directors.

11.2 The directors may not resolve to refuse or delay the transfer of a Share unless the Shareholder has failed to pay an amount due in respect of the Share.

12. AMENDMENT OF THE MEMORANDUM AND THE ARTICLES

12.1 Subject to Clause 8, the Company may amend the Memorandum or the Articles by Resolution of Shareholders or by Resolution of Directors, save that no amendment may be made by Resolution of Directors:

- (a) to restrict the rights or powers of the Shareholders to amend the Memorandum or the Articles;
- (b) to change the percentage of Shareholders required to pass a Resolution of Shareholders to amend the Memorandum or the Articles;
- (c) in circumstances where the Memorandum or the Articles cannot be amended by the Shareholders; or
- (d) to Clauses 7, 8, 9 or this Clause 12.

12.2 Any amendment of the Memorandum or the Articles will take effect on the registration by the Registrar of a notice of amendment, or restated Memorandum and Articles, filed by the registered agent.

Signed for HARNEYS CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED of Craigmuir Chambers, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands for the purpose of incorporating a BVI Business Company under the laws of the British Virgin Islands on 24 January 2024:

Incorporator

Sgd: Indira Ward-Lewis

Authorised Signatory

HARNEYS CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED



TERRITORY OF THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS
THE BVI BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT, 2004

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

Tapir Holdings Ltd.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

1. REGISTERED SHARES

- 1.1 Every Shareholder is entitled to a certificate signed by a director or officer of the Company, or any other person authorised by Resolution of Directors, or under the Seal specifying the number of Shares held by him and the signature of the director, officer or authorised person and the Seal may be facsimiles.
- 1.2 Any Shareholder receiving a certificate shall indemnify and hold the Company and its directors and officers harmless from any loss or liability which it or they may incur by reason of any wrongful or fraudulent use or representation made by any person by virtue of the possession thereof. If a certificate for Shares is worn out or lost it may be renewed on production of the worn-out certificate or on satisfactory proof of its loss together with such indemnity as may be required by Resolution of Directors.
- 1.3 If several Eligible Persons are registered as joint holders of any Shares, any one of such Eligible Persons may give an effectual receipt for any Distribution.
- 1.4 Nothing in these Articles shall require title to any Shares or other Securities to be evidenced by a certificate if the Act and the rules (as defined in the CREST Regulations) permit otherwise.
- 1.5 Subject to the Act, the Board, without further consultation with the holders of any Shares or other Securities, may resolve that any class or series of Shares or other Securities from time to time in issue or to be issued may be issued, held, registered, converted to, transferred or otherwise dealt with in uncertificated form in accordance with the CREST Regulations and practices instituted by the operator of the relevant systems and no provision of these Articles will apply to any uncertificated Share or other Securities to the extent that they are inconsistent with the holding of such Shares or other securities in uncertificated form or the transfer of title to any such Shares or other securities by means of a relevant system or any provision of CREST Regulations.
- 1.6 Conversion of Shares held in certificated form into Shares held in uncertificated form, and vice versa, may be made in such manner as the Board may, in its absolute discretion, think fit (subject always to the CREST Regulations and the requirements of the relevant system concerned). The Company shall enter on the relevant share register how many Shares are held by each Member in uncertificated form and in certificated form and shall maintain each share register in each case as is required by the CREST Regulations and the relevant system concerned. Notwithstanding any provision of these Articles, a class or series of Shares shall not be treated as two classes by virtue only of that class or series comprising both certificated Shares and uncertificated Shares or as a result of any provision of these Articles or the CREST Regulations which apply only in respect of certificated or uncertificated Shares.
- 1.7 If a share certificate for certificated Shares is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed it may be replaced without fee but on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and to payment of any exceptional out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in investigating such evidence and preparing such indemnity as the Board may think fit and, in the case of defacement or wearing out, on the delivering up of the old certificate to the Company.
- 1.8 All forms of certificate for Share or loan capital or other Securities (other than letters of issue, scrip certificates and other like documents) shall be issued under the Seal or in such other manner as the Board may authorise. The Board may by a Resolution of Directors determine, either generally or in any

particular case or cases, that any signatures on any such certificate need not be autographic but may be affixed to such certificate by some mechanical or electronic means or may be printed thereon or that such certificate need not be signed by any person.

2. SHARES

- 2.1 Shares and other Securities may be issued at such times, to such Eligible Persons, for such consideration and on such terms as the directors may by Resolution of Directors determine.
- 2.2 Section 46 of the Act (Pre-emptive rights) does not apply to the Company.
- 2.3 A Share may be issued for consideration in any form, including money, a promissory note, or other written obligation to contribute money or property, real property, personal property (including goodwill and know-how), services rendered or a contract for future services.
- 2.4 No Shares may be issued for a consideration other than money, unless a Resolution of Directors has been passed stating:
 - (a) the amount to be credited for the issue of the Shares; and
 - (b) that, in the opinion of the directors, the present cash value of the non-money consideration for the issue is not less than the amount to be credited for the issue of the Shares.
- 2.5 The Company shall keep a register of members (the “**share register**”) containing:
 - (a) the names and addresses of the Eligible Persons who hold Shares;
 - (b) the number of each class and series of Shares held by each Shareholder;
 - (c) the date on which the name of each Shareholder was entered in the register of members; and
 - (d) the date on which any Eligible Person ceased to be a Shareholder.
- 2.6 The share register may be in any such form as the directors may approve, but if it is in magnetic, electronic or other data storage form, the Company must be able to produce legible evidence of its contents. Until the directors otherwise determine, the magnetic, electronic or other data storage form shall be the original share register.
- 2.7 A Share is deemed to be issued when the name of the Shareholder is entered in the share register.
- 2.8 The Directors shall, subject always to the Act and the CREST Regulations, and the facilities and requirements of any relevant system concerned and these Articles, have power to implement and/or approve any arrangements they may, in their absolute discretion, think fit in relation to the evidencing of title to and transfer of interests in Shares in the form of depositary interests or similar interest, instruments or securities, and to the extent such arrangements are so implemented, no provision of these Articles shall apply or have effect to the extent that it is in any respect inconsistent with the holding or transfer thereof or the Share represented thereby. The Directors may from time to time take such actions and do such things as they may, in their absolute discretion, think fit in relation to the operation of any such arrangements.
- 2.9 Nothing in these Articles shall preclude the Directors from recognising a renunciation of any right to the issue of any Share by the recipient of such issue in favour of some other person upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors shall think fit.

3. REDEMPTION OF SHARES AND TREASURY SHARES

- 3.1 The Company may purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire and hold its own Shares save that the Company may not purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire its own Shares without the consent of Shareholders whose Shares are to be purchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired unless the Company is permitted by the Act, Regulation 3.2 below or any other provision in the Memorandum or Articles to purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire the Shares without their consent.

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- 3.2 Whenever as a result of any consolidation or sub-division of Shares any Shareholders of the Company are entitled to fractions of a Share, the Directors may deal with such fractions as they think fit without the consent of the Shareholders and in particular (but without prejudice to the foregoing) may sell the Shares representing the fractions to any person (including the Company or any subsidiary undertaking of the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among the Shareholders who would have been entitled to the fractions, except that any proceeds in respect of any holding which are less than a sum fixed by the Directors may be retained for the benefit of the Company. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may nominate some person to execute a transfer or deliver the Shares sold to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser and may cause the name of the purchaser or such person as he may direct to be entered into the register of members as the holder of the Shares comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Directors shall be entitled (but not bound) to aggregate the separate shareholdings of any registered Shareholder who is entered into the register of members more than once for the purposes of calculating and dealing with any such fractions of a Share arising as a result of any such consolidation or sub-division of Shares.
- 3.3 Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise required by law, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any Share or any fractional part of a Share as the absolute owner of it and accordingly no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any Share or any fractional part of a Share on trust and the Company shall not be bound by or required in any way to recognise (even when having notice of it) any interest in any share except an absolute right in the holder to the whole of the Share.
- 3.4 The Company by Resolution of Shareholders or the directors by Resolution of Directors may from time to time in accordance with the Act:
- (a) divide the Company's Shares into several classes and attach to them respectively any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions;
 - (b) combine or consolidate all or any of its share capital, including issued shares, into a smaller number of Shares of the same class or series;
 - (c) sub-divide all or any of its share capital, including issued Shares, into a larger number of Shares of the same class or series;
 - (d) increase or reduce the par value of any of its Shares, alter the currency in which any of its shares is denominated, convert any Shares with par value into shares without par value or convert any shares without par value into Shares with par value;
 - (e) cancel any Shares and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled; and
 - (f) change the currency denomination of its share capital.
- 3.5 The Company may only offer to purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire Shares if the Resolution of Directors authorising the purchase, redemption or other acquisition contains a statement that the Directors are satisfied, on reasonable grounds, that immediately after the acquisition the value of the Company's assets will exceed its liabilities and the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due.
- 3.6 Sections 60 (*Process for acquisition of own shares*), 61 (*Offer to one or more shareholders*) and 62 (*Shares redeemed otherwise than at the option of company*) of the Act do not apply to the Company.
- 3.7 Shares that the Company or any subsidiary undertaking of the Company purchases, redeems or otherwise acquires pursuant to this Regulation may be cancelled or held as Treasury Shares except to the extent that such Shares are in excess of 50% of the issued Shares in which case they shall be cancelled but they shall be available for reissue.
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- 3.8 All rights and obligations attaching to a Treasury Share are suspended and shall not be exercised by the Company while it holds the Share as a Treasury Share.
- 3.9 Treasury Shares may be transferred by the Company or any subsidiary undertaking of the Company on such terms and conditions (not otherwise inconsistent with the Memorandum and the Articles) as the Company may by Resolution of Directors determine.
- 3.10 Treasury Shares may be disposed of by the Company on such terms and conditions (not otherwise inconsistent with the Memorandum and the Articles) as the Company may by a Resolution of Directors determine.
- 3.11 Where Shares are held by another body corporate of which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, shares having more than 50% of the votes in the election of directors of the other body corporate, all rights and obligations attaching to the Shares held by the other body corporate are suspended and shall not be exercised by the other body corporate.
- 3.12. The processes described in this Regulation 3 are mutually exclusive to the Notification Procedure described in Regulation 24.

4. MORTGAGES AND CHARGES OF SHARES

- 4.1 Shareholders may mortgage or charge their Shares.
- 4.2 There shall be entered in the register of members at the written request of the Shareholder:
- (a) a statement that the Shares held by him are mortgaged or charged;
 - (b) the name of the mortgagee or chargee; and
 - (c) the date on which the particulars specified in subparagraphs (a) and (b) are entered in the register of members.
- 4.3 Where particulars of a mortgage or charge are entered in the register of members, such particulars may be cancelled:
- (a) with the written consent of the named mortgagee or chargee or anyone authorised to act on his behalf; or
 - (b) upon evidence satisfactory to the directors of the discharge of the liability secured by the mortgage or charge and the issue of such indemnities as the directors shall consider necessary or desirable.
- 4.4 Whilst particulars of a mortgage or charge over Shares are entered in the register of members pursuant to this Regulation:
- (a) no transfer of any Share the subject of those particulars shall be effected;
 - (b) the Company may not purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any such Share; and
 - (c) no replacement certificate shall be issued in respect of such Shares, without the written consent of the named mortgagee or chargee.

5. FORFEITURE

- 5.1 Shares that are not fully paid on issue are subject to the forfeiture provisions set forth in this Regulation and for this purpose Shares issued for a promissory note, other written obligation to contribute money or property or a contract for future services are deemed to be not fully paid.
- 5.2 A written notice of call specifying the date for payment to be made shall be served on the Shareholder who defaults in making payment in respect of the Shares.
- 5.3 The written notice of call referred to in Sub-Regulation 5.2 shall name a further date not earlier than the expiration of 14 days from the date of service of the notice on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made and shall contain a statement that in the event of non-payment at or before the time named in the notice the Shares, or any of them, in respect of which payment is not made will be liable to be forfeited.

5.4 Where a written notice of call has been issued pursuant to Sub-Regulation 4.3 and the requirements of the notice have not been complied with, the directors may, at any time before tender of payment, forfeit and cancel the Shares to which the notice relates.

5.5 The Company is under no obligation to refund any moneys to the Shareholder whose Shares have been cancelled pursuant to Sub-Regulation 5.4 and that Shareholder shall be discharged from any further obligation to the Company.

6. TRANSFER OF SHARES AND DRAG AND TAG

6.1 Subject to the Act and these Articles a transfer of a Share in certificated form, may be effected by a written instrument of transfer signed by the transferor and containing the name and address of the transferee, which shall be sent to the Company for registration.

6.2 Subject to the Act and these Articles a transfer of a Share in uncertificated form, may be effected by means of a relevant system and the operator of the relevant system shall act as agent of the Shareholders for the purposes of the transfer of Shares.

6.3 Any provision in these Articles in relation to the Shares shall not apply to any uncertificated Shares to the extent that they are inconsistent with the holding of any Shares in uncertificated form, the transfer of title to any Shares by means of a relevant system and any provision of the CREST Regulations.

6.4 The Board may, in their absolute discretion, refuse to register the transfer of a Share in certificated form (not being a fully paid Share) provided that exercise of such powers does not prevent dealings in partly paid Shares or disturb the market in the Shares.

6.5 The Board may refuse to register the transfer of a Share in uncertificated form (or interest in such Share) in any circumstances where refusal is permitted by the rules and practices of the operator of the relevant system provided that exercise of such powers does not disturb the market in the Shares.

6.6 In addition, the Board may, subject to the CREST Regulations, refuse to register a transfer of Shares (whether fully paid or not) in favour of more than four persons jointly or made to or by an infant or a person with mental disorder.

6.7 The transfer of a Share is effective when the name of the transferee is entered on the share register.

6.8 If the directors of the Company are satisfied that an instrument of transfer relating to Shares has been signed but that the instrument has been lost or destroyed, they may resolve by Resolution of Directors:

- (a) to accept such evidence of the transfer of Shares as they consider appropriate; and
- (b) that the transferee's name should be entered in the register of members notwithstanding the absence of the instrument of transfer.

6.9 If at any time the Majority Shareholder wishes to sell a Controlling Interest to any person (other than a Relevant Nominee of the Majority Shareholder) on bona fide arm's length terms, then the Majority Shareholder may give written notice (a "**Drag Notice**") to each Minority Shareholder requiring each Minority Shareholder to sell its shares to the proposed buyer of the Majority Shareholder's shares in accordance with the procedure detailed in Regulations 6.9 to 6.12.

6.10 A Drag Notice must:

- (a) specify the number of shares the Majority Shareholder proposes to sell (being at least such number of its shares that represents a Controlling Interest) (the "**Drag Shares**"), the total proposed consideration per share (whether cash and/or non-cash) payable to the Majority Shareholder in respect of each Drag Share (the "**Drag Sale Price**") and any other material terms and conditions of the proposed sale (the "**Drag Sale Terms**");
- (b) state the name of the transferee to whom the Majority Shareholder proposes to sell its shares (the "**Drag Buyer**");

(c) state that it is a Drag Notice for the purposes of these Articles and that, each Minority Shareholder is required to sell each of its shares to the Drag Buyer at the Drag Sale Price, and subject to Regulation 6.11, on the Drag Sale Terms; and

(d) state the Majority Shareholder's reasonable estimate of the date for completion of the sale of the Drag Shares, which must be at least 14 days after the Drag Notice is given.

6.11 If the Majority Shareholder gives a Drag Notice under Regulations 6.9 and 6.10:

(a) subject to Regulation 6.12, each Minority Shareholder must sell all of its shares to the Drag Buyer on the terms stated in the Drag Notice;

(b) subject to the provisions of Regulations 6.1 and 6.2, the Minority Shareholder must deliver to the Drag Buyer a duly executed transfer in favour of the Drag Buyer and such other documents as the Majority Holder may reasonably require to give effect to the Drag Sale Terms;

(c) the Minority Shareholder must warrant that it is transferring all of its shares to the Drag Buyer free from all Encumbrances and together with all rights, benefits and advantages attached to them, except the right to any dividend declared but not paid prior to the date of the registration of such transfer;

(d) except as provided in Regulation 6.11(c), the Minority Shareholder is not obliged to give any representations, warranties or indemnities in relation to the Company or its shares; and

(e) the Majority Shareholder must not sell the Drag Shares to the Drag Buyer unless at the same time the Drag Buyer buys all of the shares held by each Minority Shareholder on the terms stated in the Drag Notice.

6.12 The Majority Shareholder may revoke or withdraw a Drag Notice by giving written notice to each Minority Shareholder at any time before completion of the sale of the Drag Shares where the Majority Shareholder will no longer sell its own shares to the Drag Buyer.

6.13 If a Minority Shareholder (the "**Defaulting Shareholder**") defaults in transferring any shares pursuant to Regulations 6.9 to 6.11;

(a) subject to the provisions of Regulations 6.1 and 6.2, one of the Directors or some other person duly nominated by a Resolution of Directors for the purpose, shall be deemed to be the duly appointed agent and/or authorised signatory of the Defaulting Shareholder with full power and authorisation to execute, complete and deliver in the name and on behalf of the Defaulting Shareholder a transfer of the relevant shares to the Drag Buyer and such other documents as the Majority Holder may reasonably require to give effect to the Drag Sale Terms; and

(b) the Directors may receive and give a good discharge for the consideration on behalf of the Defaulting Shareholder and enter the name of the Drag Buyer in the register as the holder by transfer of the relevant shares.

6.14 The provisions contained in Regulations 6.15 to 6.21 shall not be available where the Majority Shareholder has issued a Drag Notice in accordance with Regulation 6.9.

6.15 Where the Majority Shareholder has agreed to sell a Controlling Interest to any person (other than a Relevant Nominee of the Majority Shareholder) on bona fide arm's length terms (the "**Tag Along Shares**") any person or group of persons who are acting together (a "**Tag Along Purchaser**") in one or more transactions in any period of 12 months, then the Majority Shareholder shall give written notice ("**Tag Notice**") to each Minority Shareholder no later than 14 days before completing the proposed sale.

6.16 The Tag Notice shall specify:

(a) the total number of Tag Along Shares and the estimated sale price per Share (or the means by which the price shall be calculated);

(b) any other material terms of the sale of the Tag Along Shares (to the extent that they are known by the Majority Shareholder on the date of the Tag Notice);

(c) the name of any identified Tag Along Purchaser(s); and

(d) that each Minority Shareholder may sell all or some of the Shares that it holds at the same sale price per share as the price being paid by the Tag Along Purchaser for the Tag Along Shares if that Minority Shareholder complies with Sub-Regulations 6.17 to 6.21.

- 6.17 Within 10 Business Days of service of the Tag Notice, any Minority Shareholder may serve an acceptance of the terms of the Tag Notice, and the number of Shares that it wishes to sell, on:
- (a) the Majority Shareholder; and
 - (b) the Company.
- 6.18 A Tag Notice may be revoked at any time if the Tag Along Purchaser will not complete the proposed acquisition of the Tag Along Shares. Any Tag Along acceptance issued by a Minority Shareholder is irrevocable except in accordance with Regulation 6.21 or if there has been a material change in the price of the sale from that set out in the Tag Notice.
- 6.19 If a Tag Notice is issued, the Majority Shareholder shall not sell any Tag Along Shares to a Tag Along Purchaser unless the Tag Along Purchaser makes an offer that is capable of acceptance to each Minority Shareholder to acquire the Shares owned by that Shareholder:
- (a) at the price per Share based on the price the Majority Shareholder shall receive in the sale;
 - (b) on the same completion date as the Tag Along Purchaser has agreed with the Majority Shareholder;
 - (c) on the terms set out in the Tag Notice (as amended by any terms notified by the Majority Shareholder to the Minority Shareholders after the Tag Notice) which shall be the same or no more onerous (in the reasonable opinion of the Majority Shareholder) to the Minority Shareholders than those between the Majority Shareholder and the Tag Along Purchaser.
- 6.20 If the Majority Shareholder gives a Tag Along Notice under Regulations 6.15 and 6.16:
- (a) subject to the provisions of Regulations 6.1 and 6.2, an accepting Minority Shareholder must deliver to the Tag Along Purchaser a duly executed transfer in favour of the Tag Along Purchaser and such other documents as the Majority Shareholder may reasonably require to give effect to the terms contemplated by the Tag Notice;
 - (b) the Minority Shareholder must warrant that it is transferring its shares to the Tag Along Purchaser free from all Encumbrances and together with all rights, benefits and advantages attached to them, except the right to any dividend declared but not paid prior to the date of the registration of such transfer;
 - (c) except as provided in Regulation 6.20(b), the Minority Shareholder is not obliged to give any representations, warranties or indemnities in relation to the Company or its shares; and
 - (d) the Majority Shareholder must not sell the Tag Along Shares to the Tag Along Purchaser unless at the same time the Tag Along Purchaser acquires the shares held by each accepting Minority Shareholder as specified and on the terms stated in the Tag Notice.
- 6.21 If the Majority Shareholder is unable to procure that the Tag Along Purchaser makes the offer referred to in Regulation 6.19, the Majority Shareholder shall not be entitled to sell the Tag Along Shares to that Tag Along Purchaser pursuant to Regulations 6.15 to 6.21, but shall otherwise not be in breach of the Articles.

7. TRANSMISSION OF SHARES AND ENTITLEMENTS

- 7.1 Subject to these Articles, the personal representative of a deceased Shareholder may transfer a Share even though the personal representative is not a Shareholder at the time of the transfer.
- 7.2 If a Shareholder dies, the survivor or survivors (where he was a joint holder) and his personal representatives (where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders) shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest provided that nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder from any liability in respect of any Share which had been jointly held by him.

- 7.3 Any person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Shareholder or otherwise by operation of law may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the Share either be registered himself as holder of the Share upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such desire or transfer such Share to some other person. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of Shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such Shareholder.
- 7.4 Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these Articles, a person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Shareholder or otherwise by operation of law (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the Share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the Share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a Shareholder in respect of the Share. The Directors shall as soon as practicable, and in any event within two months after being supplied with evidence of proof of title to the Share, cause the entitlement of that person to be noted in the share register.

8. MEETINGS AND CONSENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

- 8.1 Any director of the Company may convene meetings of the Shareholders at such times and in such manner and places within or outside the British Virgin Islands as the director considers necessary or desirable.
- 8.2 Upon the written request of Shareholders entitled to exercise 30% or more of the voting rights in respect of the matter for which the meeting is requested the directors shall convene a meeting of Shareholders.
- 8.3 The director convening a meeting shall give not less than 7 days' notice of a meeting of Shareholders to:
- (a) those Shareholders whose names on the date the notice is given appear as Shareholders in the register of members of the Company and are entitled to vote at the meeting; and
 - (b) the other directors.
- 8.4 The director convening a meeting of Shareholders may fix as the record date for determining those Shareholders that are entitled to vote at the meeting the date notice is given of the meeting, or such other date as may be specified in the notice, being a date not earlier than the date of the notice.
- 8.5 A meeting of Shareholders held in contravention of the requirement to give notice is valid if Shareholders holding at least 90% of the total voting rights on all the matters to be considered at the meeting have waived notice of the meeting and, for this purpose, the presence of a Shareholder at the meeting shall constitute waiver in relation to all the Shares which that Shareholder holds.
- 8.6 The inadvertent failure of a director who convenes a meeting to give notice of a meeting to a Shareholder or another director, or the fact that a Shareholder or another director has not received notice, does not invalidate the meeting.
- 8.7 A Shareholder may be represented at a meeting of Shareholders by a proxy who may speak and vote on behalf of the Shareholder.
- 8.8 The instrument appointing a proxy shall be produced at the place designated for the meeting before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote. The notice of the meeting may specify an alternative or additional place or time at which the proxy shall be presented.
- 8.9 The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in substantially the following form or such other form as the chairman of the meeting shall accept as properly evidencing the wishes of the Shareholder appointing the proxy.

Tapir Holdings Ltd.

I/We being a Shareholder of the above Company HEREBY APPOINT
..... of or failing him
of to be my/our proxy to vote for me/us at the meeting
of Shareholders to be held on the day of, 20..... and at any
adjournment thereof.

(Any restrictions on voting to be inserted here.)

Signed this day of, 20.....

.....

Shareholder

8.10 The following applies where Shares are jointly owned:

- (a) if two or more persons hold Shares jointly each of them may be present in person or by proxy at a meeting of Shareholders and may speak as a Shareholder;
- (b) if only one of the joint owners is present in person or by proxy he may vote on behalf of all joint owners; and
- (c) if two or more of the joint owners are present in person or by proxy they must vote as one.

8.11 A Shareholder shall be deemed to be present at a meeting of Shareholders if he participates by telephone or other electronic means and all Shareholders participating in the meeting are able to hear each other.

8.12 A meeting of Shareholders is duly constituted if, at the commencement of the meeting, there are present in person or by proxy not less than 50% of the votes of the Shares entitled to vote on Resolutions of Shareholders to be considered at the meeting. A quorum may comprise a single Shareholder or proxy and then such person may pass a Resolution of Shareholders and a certificate signed by such person accompanied where such person be a proxy by a copy of the proxy instrument shall constitute a valid Resolution of Shareholders.

8.13 If within two hours from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the next business day in the jurisdiction in which the meeting was to have been held at the same time and place or to such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting there are present within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting in person or by proxy not less than one third of the votes of the Shares or each class or series of Shares entitled to vote on the matters to be considered by the meeting, those present shall constitute a quorum but otherwise the meeting shall be dissolved.

8.14 At every meeting of Shareholders, the Chairman of the Board shall preside as chairman of the meeting. If there is no Chairman of the Board or if the Chairman of the Board is not present at the meeting, the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be the chairman. If the Shareholders are unable to choose a chairman for any reason, then the person representing the greatest number of voting Shares present in person or by proxy at the meeting shall preside as chairman failing which the oldest individual Shareholder or representative of a Shareholder present shall take the chair.

8.15 The chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time, and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

8.16 Any right or restrictions for the time being attached to any class of Shares, at any general meeting, on a vote taken by show of hands, each Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, and on a poll, each Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each Share held by him, and

when voting on a written Resolution of Shareholders each Shareholder shall have one vote for each Share held by him.

- 8.17 At any meeting of the Shareholders the chairman is responsible for deciding in such manner as he considers appropriate whether any resolution proposed has been carried or not and the result of his decision shall be announced to the meeting and recorded in the minutes of the meeting. If the chairman has any doubt as to the outcome of the vote on a proposed resolution, he shall cause a poll to be taken of all votes cast upon such resolution. If the chairman fails to take a poll then any Shareholder present in person or by proxy who disputes the announcement by the chairman of the result of any vote may immediately following such announcement demand that a poll be taken and the chairman shall cause a poll to be taken. If a poll is taken at any meeting, the result shall be announced to the meeting and recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
- 8.18 Subject to the specific provisions contained in this Regulation for the appointment of representatives of Eligible Persons other than individuals the right of any individual to speak for or represent a Shareholder shall be determined by the law of the jurisdiction where, and by the documents by which, the Eligible Person is constituted or derives its existence. In case of doubt, the directors may in good faith seek legal advice from any qualified person and unless and until a court of competent jurisdiction shall otherwise rule, the directors may rely and act upon such advice without incurring any liability to any Shareholder or the Company.
- 8.19 Any Eligible Person other than an individual which is a Shareholder may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such individual as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of Shareholders or of any class of Shareholders, and the individual so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same rights on behalf of the Shareholder which he represents as that Shareholder could exercise if it were an individual.
- 8.20 The chairman of any meeting at which a vote is cast by proxy or on behalf of any Eligible Person other than an individual may call for a notarially certified copy of such proxy or authority which shall be produced within 7 days of being so requested or the votes cast by such proxy or on behalf of such Eligible Person shall be disregarded.
- 8.21 Directors of the Company may attend and speak at any meeting of Shareholders and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class or series of Shares.
- 8.22 An action that may be taken by the Shareholders at a meeting may also be taken by a resolution consented to in writing, without the need for any notice, but if any Resolution of Shareholders is adopted otherwise than by the unanimous written consent of all Shareholders, a copy of such resolution shall forthwith be sent to all Shareholders not consenting to such resolution. The consent may be in the form of counterparts, each counterpart being signed by one or more Shareholders. If the consent is in one or more counterparts, and the counterparts bear different dates, then the resolution shall take effect on the earliest date upon which Shareholders holding a sufficient number of votes of Shares to constitute a Resolution of Shareholders have consented to the resolution by signed counterparts.

9. DIRECTORS

- 9.1 The first directors of the Company shall be appointed by the first registered agent within 6 months of the date of incorporation of the Company; and thereafter, the directors shall be elected by Resolution of Shareholders or by Resolution of Directors.
- 9.2 No person shall be appointed as a director of the Company unless he has consented in writing to be a director.
- 9.3 Subject to Sub-Regulation 9.1, the minimum number of directors shall be one and there shall be no maximum number.
- 9.4 Each director holds office for the term, if any, fixed by the Resolution of Shareholders or the Resolution of Directors appointing him, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. If no term is fixed on the appointment of a director, the director serves indefinitely until his earlier death, resignation or removal.
- 9.5 A director may be removed from office,

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- (a) with or without cause, by Resolution of Shareholders passed at a meeting of Shareholders called for the purposes of removing the director or for purposes including the removal of the director or by a written resolution passed by at least 75% of the votes of the Shareholders entitled to vote; or
- (b) with cause, by Resolution of Directors passed at a meeting of directors called for the purpose of removing the director or for purposes including the removal of the director.
- 9.6 A director may resign his office by giving written notice of his resignation to the Company and the resignation has effect from the date the notice is received by the Company or from such later date as may be specified in the notice. A director shall resign forthwith as a director if he is, or becomes, disqualified from acting as a director under the Act.
- 9.7 The directors may at any time appoint any person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors. Where the directors appoint a person as director to fill a vacancy, the term shall not exceed the term that remained when the person who has ceased to be a director ceased to hold office.
- 9.8 A vacancy in relation to directors occurs if a director dies or otherwise ceases to hold office prior to the expiration of his term of office.
- 9.9 The Company shall keep a register of directors containing:
- (a) the names and addresses of the persons who are directors of the Company;
- (b) the date on which each person whose name is entered in the register was appointed as a director of the Company;
- (c) the date on which each person named as a director ceased to be a director of the Company; and
- (d) such other information as may be prescribed by the Act.
- 9.10 The register of directors may be kept in any such form as the directors may approve, but if it is in magnetic, electronic or other data storage form, the Company must be able to produce legible evidence of its contents. Until a Resolution of Directors determining otherwise is passed, the magnetic, electronic or other data storage shall be the original register of directors.
- 9.11 The directors may, by Resolution of Directors, fix the emoluments of directors with respect to services to be rendered in any capacity to the Company.
- 9.12 A director is not required to hold a Share as a qualification to office.

10. POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 10.1 The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by, or under the direction or supervision of, the directors of the Company. The directors of the Company have all the powers necessary for managing, and for directing and supervising, the business and affairs of the Company. The directors may pay all expenses incurred preliminary to and in connection with the incorporation of the Company and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Act or by the Memorandum or the Articles required to be exercised by the Shareholders.
- 10.2 Each director shall exercise his powers for a proper purpose and shall not act or agree to the Company acting in a manner that contravenes the Memorandum, the Articles or the Act. Each director, in exercising his powers or performing his duties, shall act honestly and in good faith in what the director believes to be the best interests of the Company.
- 10.3 If the Company is the wholly owned subsidiary of a holding company, a director of the Company may, when exercising powers or performing duties as a director, act in a manner which he believes is in the best interests of the holding company even though it may not be in the best interests of the Company.
- 10.4 Any director which is a body corporate may appoint any individual as its duly authorised representative for the purpose of representing it at meetings of the directors, with respect to the signing of consents or otherwise.
- 10.5 The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body.
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10.6 The directors may by Resolution of Directors exercise all the powers of the Company to incur indebtedness, liabilities or obligations and to secure indebtedness, liabilities or obligations whether of the Company or of any third party.

10.7 All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by Resolution of Directors.

10.8 Section 175 of the Act (*Disposition of assets*) does not apply to the Company.

11. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

11.1 Any one director of the Company may call a meeting of the directors by sending a written notice to each other director.

11.2 The directors of the Company or any committee thereof may meet at such times and in such manner and places within or outside the British Virgin Islands as the directors may determine to be necessary or desirable.

11.3 A director is deemed to be present at a meeting of directors if he participates by telephone or other electronic means and all directors participating in the meeting are able to hear each other.

11.4 A director shall be given not less than 3 days' notice of meetings of directors, but a meeting of directors held without 3 days' notice having been given to all directors shall be valid if all the directors entitled to vote at the meeting who do not attend waive notice of the meeting, and for this purpose the presence of a director at a meeting shall constitute waiver by that director. The inadvertent failure to give notice of a meeting to a director, or the fact that a director has not received the notice, does not invalidate the meeting.

11.5 A director may by a written instrument appoint an alternate who need not be a director and the alternate shall be entitled to attend meetings in the absence of the director who appointed him and to vote in place of the director until the appointment lapses or is terminated.

11.6 A meeting of directors is duly constituted for all purposes if at the commencement of the meeting there are present in person or by alternate not less than one-half of the total number of directors, unless there are only 2 directors in which case the quorum is 2.

11.7 If the Company has only one director the provisions herein contained for meetings of directors do not apply and such sole director has full power to represent and act for the Company in all matters as are not by the Act, the Memorandum or the Articles required to be exercised by the Shareholders. In lieu of minutes of a meeting the sole director shall record in writing and sign a note or memorandum of all matters requiring a Resolution of Directors. Such a note or memorandum constitutes sufficient evidence of such resolution for all purposes.

11.8 At meetings of directors at which the Chairman of the Board is present, he shall preside as chairman of the meeting. If there is no Chairman of the Board or if the Chairman of the Board is not present, the directors present shall choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

11.9 An action that may be taken by the directors or a committee of directors at a meeting may also be taken by a Resolution of Directors or a resolution of a committee of directors consented to in writing by all directors or by all members of the committee, as the case may be, without the need for any notice. The consent may be in the form of counterparts each counterpart being signed by one or more directors. If the consent is in one or more counterparts, and the counterparts bear different dates, then the resolution shall take effect on the date upon which the last director has consented to the resolution by signed counterparts.

12. COMMITTEES

12.1 The directors may, by Resolution of Directors, designate one or more committees, each consisting of one or more directors, and delegate one or more of their powers, including the power to affix the Seal, to the committee.

12.2 The directors have no power to delegate to a committee of directors any of the following powers:

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- (a) to amend the Memorandum or the Articles;
 - (b) to designate committees of directors;
 - (c) to delegate powers to a committee of directors;
 - (d) to appoint or remove directors;
 - (e) to appoint or remove an agent;
 - (f) to approve a plan of merger, consolidation or arrangement;
 - (g) to make a declaration of solvency or to approve a liquidation plan; or
 - (h) to make a determination that immediately after a proposed Distribution the value of the Company's assets will exceed its liabilities and the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due.

12.3 Sub-Regulation 12.2(b) and (c) do not prevent a committee of directors, where authorised by the Resolution of Directors appointing such committee or by a subsequent Resolution of Directors, from appointing a sub-committee and delegating powers exercisable by the committee to the sub-committee.

12.4 The meetings and proceedings of each committee of directors consisting of 2 or more directors shall be governed *mutatis mutandis* by the provisions of the Articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as the same are not superseded by any provisions in the Resolution of Directors establishing the committee.

12.5 Where the directors delegate their powers to a committee of directors they remain responsible for the exercise of that power by the committee, unless they believed on reasonable grounds at all times before the exercise of the power that the committee would exercise the power in conformity with the duties imposed on directors of the Company under the Act.

13. OFFICERS AND AGENTS

13.1 The Company may by Resolution of Directors appoint officers of the Company at such times as may be considered necessary or expedient. Such officers may consist of a Chairman of the Board of Directors, a president and one or more vice-presidents, secretaries and treasurers and such other officers as may from time to time be considered necessary or expedient. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.

13.2 The officers shall perform such duties as are prescribed at the time of their appointment subject to any modification in such duties as may be prescribed thereafter by Resolution of Directors. In the absence of any specific prescription of duties it shall be the responsibility of the Chairman of the Board to preside at meetings of directors and Shareholders, the president to manage the day to day affairs of the Company, the vice-presidents to act in order of seniority in the absence of the president but otherwise to perform such duties as may be delegated to them by the president, the secretaries to maintain the register of members, minute books and records (other than financial records) of the Company and to ensure compliance with all procedural requirements imposed on the Company by applicable law, and the treasurer to be responsible for the financial affairs of the Company.

13.3 The emoluments of all officers shall be fixed by Resolution of Directors.

13.4 The officers of the Company shall hold office until their successors are duly appointed, but any officer elected or appointed by the directors may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by Resolution of Directors. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Company may be filled by Resolution of Directors.

13.5 The directors may, by Resolution of Directors, appoint any person, including a person who is a director, to be an agent of the Company.

13.6 An agent of the Company shall have such powers and authority of the directors, including the power and authority to affix the Seal, as are set forth in the Articles or in the Resolution of Directors appointing the agent, except that no agent has any power or authority with respect to the following:

- (a) to amend the Memorandum or the Articles;
- (b) to change the registered office or agent;

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- (c) to designate committees of directors;
 - (d) to delegate powers to a committee of directors;
 - (e) to appoint or remove directors;
 - (f) to appoint or remove an agent;
 - (g) to fix emoluments of directors;
 - (h) to approve a plan of merger, consolidation or arrangement;
 - (i) to make a declaration of solvency or to approve a liquidation plan;
 - (j) to make a determination that immediately after a proposed Distribution the value of the Company's assets will exceed its liabilities and the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due; or
 - (k) to authorise the Company to continue as a company incorporated under the laws of a jurisdiction outside the British Virgin Islands.

13.7 The Resolution of Directors appointing an agent may authorise the agent to appoint one or more substitutes or delegates to exercise some or all of the powers conferred on the agent by the Company.

13.8 The directors may remove an agent appointed by the Company and may revoke or vary a power conferred on him.

14. CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

14.1 A director of the Company shall, forthwith after becoming aware of the fact that he is interested in a transaction entered into or to be entered into by the Company, disclose the interest to all other directors of the Company.

14.2 For the purposes of Sub-Regulation 14.1, a disclosure to all other directors to the effect that a director is a member, director or officer of another named entity or has a fiduciary relationship with respect to the entity or a named individual and is to be regarded as interested in any transaction which may, after the date of the entry into the transaction or disclosure of the interest, be entered into with that entity or individual, is a sufficient disclosure of interest in relation to that transaction.

14.3 A director of the Company who is interested in a transaction entered into or to be entered into by the Company may:

- (a) vote on a matter relating to the transaction;
- (b) attend a meeting of directors at which a matter relating to the transaction arises and be included among the directors present at the meeting for the purposes of a quorum; and
- (c) sign a document on behalf of the Company, or do any other thing in his capacity as a director, that relates to the transaction,

and, subject to compliance with the Act shall not, by reason of his office be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from such transaction and no such transaction shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit.

15. INDEMNIFICATION

15.1 Subject to the limitations hereinafter provided the Company shall indemnify against all expenses, including legal fees, and against all judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement and reasonably incurred in connection with legal, administrative or investigative proceedings any person who:

- (a) is or was a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director of the Company; or
- (b) is or was, at the request of the Company, serving as a director of, or in any other capacity is or was acting for, another body corporate or a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise.

- 15.2 The indemnity in Sub-Regulation 15.1 only applies if the person acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and, in the case of criminal proceedings, the person had no reasonable cause to believe that their conduct was unlawful.
- 15.3 For the purposes of Sub-Regulation 15.2, a director acts in the best interests of the Company if he acts in the best interests of
- (a) the Company's holding company; or
 - (b) a Shareholder or Shareholders of the Company;
- in either case, in the circumstances specified in Sub-Regulation 10.3 or the Act, as the case may be.
- 15.4 The decision of the directors as to whether the person acted honestly and in good faith and with a view to the best interests of the Company and as to whether the person had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful is, in the absence of fraud, sufficient for the purposes of the Articles, unless a question of law is involved.
- 15.5 The termination of any proceedings by any judgment, order, settlement, conviction or the entering of a *nolle prosequi* does not, by itself, create a presumption that the person did not act honestly and in good faith and with a view to the best interests of the Company or that the person had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.
- 15.6 Expenses, including legal fees, incurred by a director in defending any legal, administrative or investigative proceedings may be paid by the Company in advance of the final disposition of such proceedings upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director to repay the amount if it shall ultimately be determined that the director is not entitled to be indemnified by the Company in accordance with Sub-Regulation 15.1.
- 15.7 Expenses, including legal fees, incurred by a former director in defending any legal, administrative or investigative proceedings may be paid by the Company in advance of the final disposition of such proceedings upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the former director to repay the amount if it shall ultimately be determined that the former director is not entitled to be indemnified by the Company in accordance with Sub-Regulation 15.1 and upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the Company deems appropriate.
- 15.8 The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this section is not exclusive of any other rights to which the person seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any agreement, Resolution of Shareholders, resolution of disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to acting in the person's official capacity and as to acting in another capacity while serving as a director of the Company.
- 15.9 If a person referred to in Sub-Regulation 15.1 has been successful in defence of any proceedings referred to in Sub-Regulation 15.1, the person is entitled to be indemnified against all expenses, including legal fees, and against all judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with the proceedings.
- 15.10 The Company may purchase and maintain insurance in relation to any person who is or was a director, officer or liquidator of the Company, or who at the request of the Company is or was serving as a director, officer or liquidator of, or in any other capacity is or was acting for, another body corporate or a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against any liability asserted against the person and incurred by the person in that capacity, whether or not the Company has or would have had the power to indemnify the person against the liability as provided in the Articles.

16. RECORDS

- 16.1 The Company shall keep the following documents at the office of its registered agent:
- (a) the Memorandum and the Articles;
 - (b) the register of members, or a copy of the register of members;
 - (c) the register of directors, or a copy of the register of directors; and

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- (d) copies of all notices and other documents filed by the Company with the Registrar of Corporate Affairs in the previous 10 years.

16.2 Until the directors determine otherwise by Resolution of Directors the Company shall keep the original register of members and original register of directors at the office of its registered agent.

16.3 If the Company maintains only a copy of the register of members or a copy of the register of directors at the office of its registered agent, it shall:

- (a) within 15 days of any change in either register, notify the registered agent in writing of the change; and

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- (b) provide the registered agent with a written record of the physical address of the place or places at which the original register of members or the original register of directors is kept.

16.4 The Company shall keep the following records at the office of its registered agent or at such other place or places, within or outside the British Virgin Islands, as the directors may determine:

- (a) minutes of meetings and Resolutions of Shareholders and classes of Shareholders; and
(b) minutes of meetings and Resolutions of Directors and committees of directors.

16.5 Where any original records referred to in this Regulation are maintained other than at the office of the registered agent of the Company, and the place at which the original records is changed, the Company shall provide the registered agent with the physical address of the new location of the records of the Company within 14 days of the change of location.

16.6 The records kept by the Company under this Regulation shall be in written form or either wholly or partly as electronic records complying with the requirements of the Electronic Transactions Act 2021 as from time to time amended or re-enacted.

17. REGISTER OF CHARGES

The Company shall maintain at the office of its registered agent a register of charges in which there shall be entered the following particulars regarding each mortgage, charge and other encumbrance created by the Company:

- (a) the date of creation of the charge;
(b) a short description of the liability secured by the charge;
(c) a short description of the property charged;
(d) the name and address of the trustee for the security or, if there is no such trustee, the name and address of the chargee;
(e) unless the charge is a security to bearer, the name and address of the holder of the charge; and
(f) details of any prohibition or restriction contained in the instrument creating the charge on the power of the Company to create any future charge ranking in priority to or equally with the charge.

18. SEAL

The Company shall have a Seal an impression of which shall be kept at the office of the registered agent of the Company. The Company may have more than one Seal and references herein to the Seal shall be references to every Seal which shall have been duly adopted by Resolution of Directors. The directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal and for an imprint thereof to be kept at the registered office. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein the Seal when affixed to any written instrument shall be witnessed and attested to by the signature of any one director or other person so authorised from time to time by Resolution of Directors. Such authorisation may be before or after the Seal is affixed, may be general or specific and may refer to any number of sealings. The directors may provide for a facsimile of the Seal and of the signature of any director or authorised person which may be reproduced by printing or other means on any instrument and it shall have the same force and validity as if the Seal had been affixed to such instrument and the same had been attested to as hereinbefore described.

19. DISTRIBUTIONS BY WAY OF DIVIDEND

- 19.1 The directors of the Company may, by Resolution of Directors, authorise a Distribution by way of dividend at a time and of an amount they think fit if they are satisfied, on reasonable grounds, that, immediately after the Distribution, the value of the Company's assets will exceed its liabilities and the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due.
- 19.2 Dividends may be paid in money, shares, or other property.
- 19.3 Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to each Shareholder as specified in Sub-Regulation 21.1 and all dividends unclaimed for 3 years after having been declared may be forfeited by Resolution of Directors for the benefit of the Company.
- 19.4 No dividend shall bear interest as against the Company and no dividend shall be paid on Treasury Shares.

20. ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT

- 20.1 The Company shall keep records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and that will, at any time, enable the financial position of the Company to be determined with reasonable accuracy.
- 20.2 The Company may by Resolution of Shareholders call for the directors to prepare periodically and make available a profit and loss account and a balance sheet. The profit and loss account and balance sheet shall be drawn up so as to give respectively a true and fair view of the profit and loss of the Company for a financial period and a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities of the Company as at the end of a financial period.
- 20.3 The Company may by Resolution of Shareholders call for the accounts to be examined by auditors.
- 20.4 The first auditors shall be appointed by Resolution of Directors; subsequent auditors shall be appointed by Resolution of Shareholders or by Resolution of Directors.
- 20.5 The auditors may be Shareholders, but no director or other officer shall be eligible to be an auditor of the Company during their continuance in office.
- 20.6 The remuneration of the auditors of the Company may be fixed by Resolution of Directors.
- 20.7 The auditors shall examine each profit and loss account and balance sheet required to be laid before a meeting of the Shareholders or otherwise given to Shareholders and shall state in a written report whether or not:
- (a) in their opinion the profit and loss account and balance sheet give a true and fair view respectively of the profit and loss for the period covered by the accounts, and of the assets and liabilities of the Company at the end of that period; and
 - (b) all the information and explanations required by the auditors have been obtained.
- 20.8 The report of the auditors shall be annexed to the accounts and shall be read at the meeting of Shareholders at which the accounts are laid before the Company or shall be otherwise given to the Shareholders.
- 20.9 Every auditor of the Company shall have a right of access at all times to the books of account and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the directors and officers of the Company such information and explanations as he thinks necessary for the performance of the duties of the auditors.
- 20.10 The auditors of the Company shall be entitled to receive notice of, and to attend any meetings of Shareholders at which the Company's profit and loss account and balance sheet are to be presented.

21. NOTICES

- 21.1 Any notice, information or written statement to be given by the Company to Shareholders may be given by personal service, mail, courier or email to such Shareholder's address as shown in the register of members or to such Shareholder's email address as notified by the Shareholder to the Company in writing from time to time or by uploading it to the Company's website (provided that such Shareholder is notified of the availability of the relevant notice on the Company's website by personal service, mail, courier or email in the manner described above).

- 21.2 Any summons, notice, order, document, process, information or written statement to be served on the Company may be served by leaving it, or by sending it by registered mail addressed to the Company, at its registered office, or by leaving it with, or by sending it by registered mail to, the registered agent of the Company.
- 21.3 Service of any summons, notice, order, document, process, information or written statement to be served on the Company may be proved by showing that the summons, notice, order, document, process, information or written statement was delivered to the registered office or the registered agent of the Company or that it was mailed in such time as to admit to its being delivered to the registered office or the registered agent of the Company in the normal course of delivery within the period prescribed for service and was correctly addressed and the postage was prepaid.
- 21.4 Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing notice, and shall be deemed to be received on the fifth business day following the day on which the notice was posted. Where a notice is sent by email, notice shall be deemed to be effected by transmitting the email to the address provided by the intended recipient and service of the notice shall be deemed to have been received on the same day that it was transmitted. Where a notice is published on the Company's website, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected on the later of the date on which the notice first appears on the website, or as relevant after personal notification is sent. Where there is a failure to make a document available on a website during the entire period required by law or these Articles and such failure is wholly attributable to circumstances that the Company could not prevent or avoid, that shall not invalidate the service of notice via the website.

22. VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION

Subject to the Act, the Company may by Resolution of Shareholders or by Resolution of Directors appoint an eligible individual as voluntary liquidator alone or jointly with one or more other voluntary liquidators.

23. CONTINUATION

The Company may by Resolution of Shareholders or by a resolution passed unanimously by all directors of the Company continue as a company incorporated under the laws of a jurisdiction outside the British Virgin Islands in the manner provided under those laws.

24. AMENDMENT TO THE SHARE REGISTER

- 24.1 In addition to the powers conferred on the Board by Regulation 3, the Board may, in their absolute discretion, determine that they shall amend the register of members of the Company to remove Non-Respondent Shareholders (as such term is defined in Sub-Regulation 24.5(d)), provided that the Board may only be permitted to amend the share register in accordance with this Regulation 24 if they have followed the Notification Procedure set out at Regulation 24.5.
- 24.2 The Board shall issue three notices to all existing Shareholders listed on the Company's share register in accordance with the Notification Procedure requiring them positively to confirm their wish to remain on the Company's register of members.
- 24.3 Following completion of the Notification Procedure, the Company may acquire and cancel the Shares of a Non-Respondent Shareholder (the "**Non-Respondent Shareholder's Shares**"). The consideration payable by the Company for the Non-Respondent Shareholder's Shares shall be deferred and payable to the Non-Respondent Shareholder in accordance with Sub-Regulation 24.4.
- 24.4 Following completion of the Notification Procedure: (i) where a Non-Respondent Shareholder's Shares have been acquired by the Company and cancelled in accordance with Sub-Regulation 24.3, and (ii) such Non-Respondent Shareholder writes to the Board requesting the return of such Shares, then such Non-Respondent Shareholder is entitled to a payment in respect of those Shares equivalent to the fair value of such Shares based on the share price of the Shares on the Bermuda Stock Exchange on the date on which they were acquired by the Company.

- 24.5 The procedure for notifying Shareholders for the purposes of this Regulation 24 (the “**Notification Procedure**”) is as follows:
- 24.5.1 the Board, having decided to implement the procedure in this Regulation 24, shall write to all existing Shareholders listed on the Company’s share register three times in accordance with the Notification Procedure requiring them to positively confirm their wish to remain on the Company’s register of members:
 - 24.5.2 the first notice being sent to Shareholders as soon as practicable following the relevant Board decision (and in any event within two weeks of such decision) (the “**First Notification**”);
 - 24.5.3 the second notice being sent to Shareholders not less than two weeks after the First Notification (the “**Second Notification**”); and
 - 24.5.4 the third notice being sent to Shareholders not less than two weeks after the Second Notification (the “**Third Notification**” and together with the First Notification and the Second Notification, the “**Notifications**”).
- 24.6 Upon the Board sending the First Notification, the Company will publish an announcement on the Bermuda Stock Exchange (for so long as its Shares are listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange), AIM (for so long as its Shares are listed on AIM) and on its website that the First Notification has been sent.
- 24.7 Each Notification shall be sent to Shareholders in accordance with Regulation 21.
- 24.8 Each Notification shall provide a return address (which may be an email address) to which a Shareholder must respond in the form issued by the Company, in the format determined by the Board, to confirm they are a continuing Shareholder. Any Shareholder who does not provide such a confirmation to any of the three Notifications shall be a “**Non-Respondent Shareholder**”.
- 24.9 For the purposes of effecting the repurchase of any Share in accordance with Sub-Regulation 24.3, one of the Directors shall be deemed to be the duly appointed agent and/or authorised signatory of the Non-Respondent Shareholder with full power and authorisation to execute, complete and deliver in the name and on behalf of the Non-Respondent Shareholder a transfer of the relevant Shares to the Company and/or such other documents as are reasonably necessary in order to give effect to such repurchase.
- 24.10 This Regulation 24 and Regulation 3 are mutually exclusive.

25 DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST IN SHARES

- 25.1 If at any time the Company shall have any of its shares admitted to trading on AIM, the provisions of Chapter 5 of the DTRs (“**DTR 5**”) (vote holder and issuer notification rules) shall apply to the Company, its shares and persons interested in those shares as if the Company were an “issuer” for the purposes of DTR 5 and as if the provisions of DTR 5 were set out in full herein.
- 25.2 A Shareholder shall, to the extent they are lawfully able to do so, comply with the requirements of DTR 5.
- 25.3 The Company shall use all reasonable endeavours to comply with Rule 17 of the AIM Rules and notwithstanding the time limits for disclosure set out in the DTRs, it shall announce via a Regulatory Information Service all the information contained in any vote holder notification “without delay”.

26 POWER OF COMPANY TO INVESTIGATE INTERESTS IN SHARES

- 26.1 The Company may issue a Disclosure Notice to any Shareholder requiring that Shareholder to:
- (a) confirm the identity of each person (other than the Shareholder) who is interested in any Shares held by such Shareholder or (so far as lies within the Shareholder’s knowledge) who has been so

interested at any time during the three years immediately preceding the date on which the notice is issued (or to confirm whether or not any such person is or (so far as lies within the Shareholder's knowledge) has been so interested); and

- (b) if any person holds, or has during the time held, any such interest, to give particulars (so far as lies within the Shareholder's knowledge) of such person's present or past interest in the Shares held by such Shareholder and any other Shares comprised in the Company's issued share capital, including the name(s) of any other Shareholder(s) who hold Shares in which such person has or had any such interest, in each case held by such person at any time during the three-year period mentioned in Sub-Regulation 26.1 above.

26.2 The information required by the Disclosure Notice must be given within the Relevant Period.

26.3 The Company will keep a record of information received pursuant to Sub-Regulation 26.1. The Company will within three days of receipt of such information enter in the record:

- (a) the fact that the requirement was imposed and the date it was imposed; and
- (b) the information received in pursuance of the requirement.

The information must be entered against the name of the present Shareholder of the Shares in question. All entries will be in chronological order. The record kept for these purposes will be available for inspection by Shareholders of the Company at the Company's registered office or at any other place specified by the Board.

Signed for HARNEYS CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED of Craigmuir Chambers, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands for the purpose of incorporating a BVI Business Company under the laws of the British Virgin Islands on 24 January 2024:

Incorporator

Sgd: Indira Ward-Lewis

Authorised Signatory

HARNEYS CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED

